Global Fund: Malaria in Pregnancy Perspectives

Dr. Roopal Patel, Malaria Advisor Malaria in Pregnancy Working Group Annual Meeting Geneva, Switzerland September 18, 2017



Global Fund's Strategic Framework: 2017-2022 "Investing to End Epidemics"

Strengthening systems for health is critical to attain universal health coverage and to accelerate the end of the epidemics

Strengthen community responses and systems

Support reproductive, women's, children's, and adolescent health, and platforms for integrated service delivery

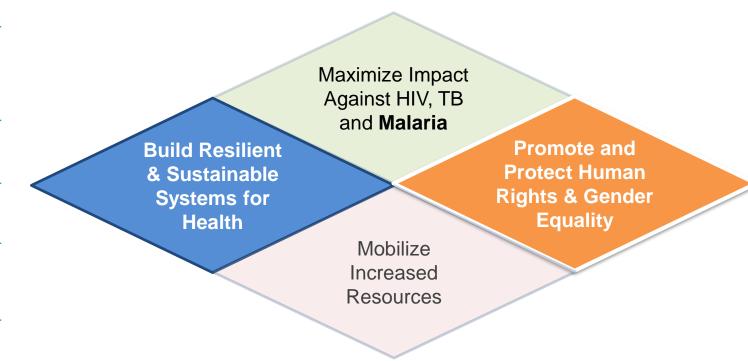
Strengthen global and incountry procurement and supply chain systems

Leverage critical investments in human resources for health

Strengthen data systems for health and countries' capacities for analysis and use

Strengthen and align to robust national health strategies and national disease-specific strategic plans

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Promoting and protecting human rights and gender equality is required to accelerate the end of the epidemics

Scale-up programs to support women and girls, including programs to advance sexual and reproductive health and rights

Invest to reduce health inequities including genderand age-related disparities

Introduce and scale-up programs that remove human rights barriers to accessing HIV, TB and malaria services

Integrate human rights considerations throughout the grant cycle and in policies and policy-making processes

Support meaningful engagement of key and vulnerable populations and networks in Global Fundrelated processes

Global Fund Investments Prevention and Treatment of Malaria in Pregnancy

Malaria-specific components

- IPTp: IPTp-SP for all pregnant women in line with updated WHO ANC recommendations and GTS for malaria
- LLINs: High coverage and use of nets for pregnant women through continuous delivery at ANC and campaigns
- Case management: Prompt and effective treatment of malaria in pregnant women in all transmission settings

Health systems components

- Community engagement for early access to care, sustained ITN use and identification of symptoms
- Strengthen procurement and supply management at global and country level
- Ensuring information systems capture service delivery and health outcomes in pregnant women
- Building health workforce capacity to deliver integrated services at ANC
- Supporting high quality service delivery, including laboratory strengthening

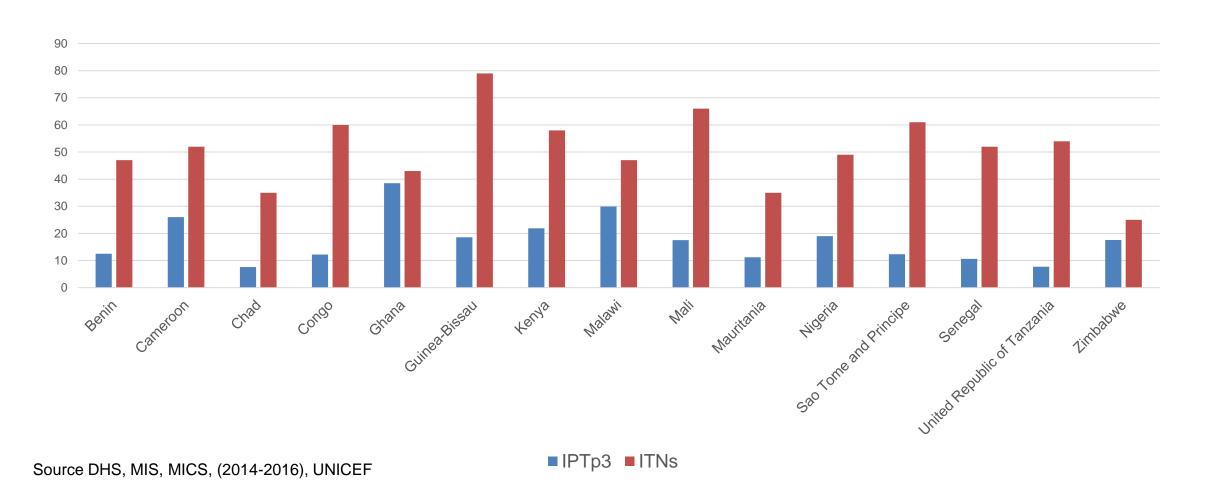
Global Fund Investments in MIP: IPTp

Sourcing quality assured SP

- Forecasting and coordinating with manufacturer(s) to meet global demand in context of seasonal malaria chemoprevention and limited manufacturers
- Coordination with other donors
- Expert review process to open up manufacturer pool

Pooled Procurement Mechanism		Country Procurement	
Burundi	Gambia	Chad	South Sudan
Cameroon	Zimbabwe	Central Africa R	epublic
Guinea	Nigeria (2015)	DRC	
Niger		Guinea-Bissau	
Sierra Leone		Madagascar	

MIP Coverage: IPTp3 Uptake & ITN Use National Surveys (2014-2016)



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How to Optimize the Delivery of MIP Interventions to Maximize Impact?

Build Resilient
& Sustainable
Systems for
Health

Support reproductive, women's, children's, and adolescent health, and platforms for integrated service delivery

Initial Efforts/Initiatives

- Incorporate and leverage RMNCAH and integrated platforms in development of applications, grant negotiation and implementation.
- Leveraging RMNCAH-related technical partners' expertise and resources.
- Establish a new RSSH technical support mechanism (through catalytic funding) to provide RSSH technical support, including on RMNCAH issues

Delivery of MIP Interventions to Maximize Impact

Health systems strengthening	 Improving implementation and quality service delivery of MIP as a systems issue within and beyond ANC Coordination at the country and international level across disease programs and partners. Investing in human resources for health Integrated data systems Procurement and supply chain systems, to strengthen ANC as part of the overall health system. 	
Access/coverage	 Stronger community engagement and mobilization to link pregnant women with health facilities early and often Evaluate the role of community health workers in IPTp delivery 	

Delivery of MIP Interventions to Maximize Impact

Quality Case Management	 Quality improvement of integrated ANC and case management for pregnant women Identification of 1st versus 2nd trimester for IPTp and treatment Treatment for P. falciparum, P. vivax, high and low transmission
Adaptability	 Established systems will ensure continued focus on pregnant women with changes in malaria epidemiology, recommendations and guidelines evolve with emerging evidence Strategies for control of malaria in pregnancy and for radical cure of P vivax and P falciparum infections in low-transmission settings that are on track towards malaria elimination.

Summary

- Clear articulation of MIP strategy (e.g., needs, costs, and financing gaps) will give countries the potential to leverage various funding streams to ensure delivery of a comprehensive, integrated intervention package
- A functioning health system is essential to decrease maternal and neonatal morbidity and mortality due to malaria in pregnancy and global malaria targets overall
 - Programs must address both supply and demand challenges
 - Derive clear lessons from assessment of new approaches to the delivery of preventive and treatment strategies